

# Life Beyond Flash 2017

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## How Long will Flash Last

- NAND flash has line of sight to at least 128L and QLC
- Scaling may get difficult but is possible
- This takes us to 2023 timeframe with a ~75% bit cost reduction
- After that, it is not clear what NAND can do.
  - Samsung and others claim it goes further



### What is NEXT Technology

- Ideal Universal Memory
  - Fast as DRAM, Non-Volatile, Infinite cycles, Cheaper than NAND
  - Unicorn Memory ... It's a nice dream ... it doesn't exist
- Reality of what will happen
  - There is no FLASH replacement (ultracheap memory)
  - Combination of tradeoffs will need to be made
  - Compute architecture designed around what is available
    - Phone, PC, Server designed around DRAM+SCM or SCM+ cloud
    - There is no "new NAND" that is cheaper



### New NVM Technologies

|       | Latency | Density | Cost | <b>HVM</b> ready  |
|-------|---------|---------|------|-------------------|
| DRAM  | ****    | ***     | ***  | ****              |
| NAND  | *       | ****    | **** | ****              |
| MRAM  | ****    | *       | *    | ***               |
| 3DXP  | ***     | ***     | **** | ** <sub>1/2</sub> |
| ReRAM | ***     | ***     | **** | **                |
| NRAM* | ***     | **      | **   | *                 |
| Other | ***     | **      | **   | *                 |



### Summary of New NVM

- 3D Xpoint/Phase Change Memory
  - Pros: Fast SCM, in production, relatively high density
  - Cons: Can't be cycled like DRAM. Scaling is not clear

#### MRAM

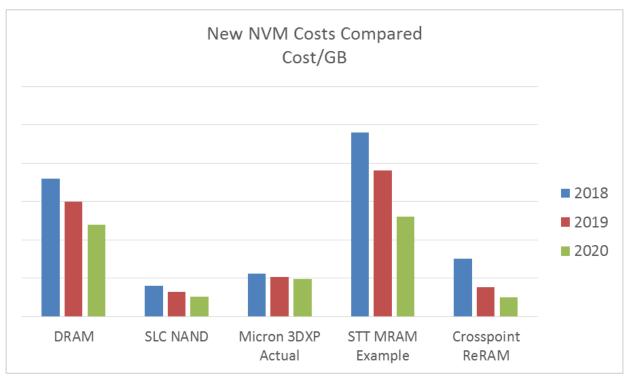
- Pros: Fastest NVM... close to DRAM. Relatively mature
- Cons: high cost, relatively low density

#### ReRAM

- Pros: potential for high density, low cost, Fast SCM
- Cons: Need 64Gb+ parts out to show high density capability
- Other (NRAM, Molecular, Polymer, etc)
  - Pros: theoretical speed and density
  - Cons: 10+ years from products



### Cost for Multi-Gbit Technologies





### **Future NVM Scenario**

- NAND reaches end of scaling. It becomes financially unwise to scale cost/density
- Conferences/companies agree on this
- Compute architects find alternative memory/storage strategy.
- Products are piloted with this
  - Cell phone has 1GB MRAM + 16GB PCM/ReRAM + cloud storage
    - Performance and Cost are better than 2GB DRAM + 64GB NAND
  - PC has 4GB MRAM + 64GB PCM/ReRAM + Cloud
    - Performance and Cost are better than 12GB DRAM + 512GB SSD



### Summary

- NAND has 5+ years and 2+ generations to go.
- There is no TLC NAND replacement... ultracheap memory
- Post FLASH will be an architecture based on what does exist
  - New Combination
  - With better performance
  - Lower Cost
  - Future scalability
  - Based on new NVM
- New solution, not a direct NAND replacement